## **Summary of 2021, S.48**

## An act relating to Vermont's adoption of the interstate Nurse Licensure Compact

S.48 (2021) would enter Vermont into the multistate Nurse Licensure Compact as amended by the National Council of State Boards of Nursing. There are currently 33 states in the Compact. By entering into the Compact, Vermont agrees to the multistate terms of licensure for Registered Nurses (RNs) and Licensed Practical Nurses (LPNs) / Vocational Nurses (VNs). By enacting this bill into law, Vermont would essentially be entering into a contract with other states that are parties to the Compact; therefore, the Compact provisions of the bill cannot be amended.

The Compact contains these main provisions:

- A Compact license issued by a home state authorizes the nurse to practice in each Compact state. Sec. 1, 26 V.S.A. § 1647c(a).
- A nurse can only hold one Compact license, and that license can only be issued by the nurse's "home state." Sec. 1, 26 V.S.A. § 1647d(b).
  - A nurse's "home state" means the nurse's primary state of residence, and that primary state of residence must be a Compact state. Sec. 1, 26 V.S.A. § 1647b(7).
  - Once a nurse moves to a new home state, the nurse must apply for a new license in that home state, and the prior home state Compact license is deactivated. Sec. 1, 26 V.S.A. § 1647d(c).
  - o If the new home state is not a Compact state, the prior home state license converts to a single-state (standard) license. Sec. 1, 26 V.S.A. § 1647d(d).
- Obtaining licensure in a Compact state requires the following:
  - 1. A criminal background check;
  - 2. Meeting the home state's qualifications for initial licensure and license renewal;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://www.ncsbn.org/nurse-licensure-compact.htm

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Advanced Practice Registered Nurses (APRNs) are not covered by the Compact

- Graduation from an education program approved by the home state's licensing board, or from an approved foreign pre-licensure education program;
- 4. Passage of an English proficiency examination, if the applicant graduated from a foreign pre-license education program that was not taught in English or if English is not the applicant's native language;
- 5. Passage of the NCLEX<sup>3</sup> examination or recognized predecessor;
- 6. Eligibility for or holding an active, unencumbered license;
- 7. Has not been convicted or found guilty of a felony or of a misdemeanor related to the practice of nursing;
- 8. Is not currently enrolled in an alternative program (which is usually for nurses experiencing substance use disorder issues);
- 9. Is subject to self-disclose participation in an alternative program; and 10. Has a valid U.S. social security number. Sec. 1, 26 V.S.A. § 1647c(c).
- A nurse is required to comply with a Compact state's laws governing the practice of nursing when providing care to a client in that Compact state. Sec. 1, 26 V.S.A. § 1647c(e).
- Each Compact state may discipline a nurse's license in that state. Sec. 1, 26 V.S.A. § 1647c(d).
  - This includes the ability to discipline based on the factual findings of another Compact state. Sec. 1, 26 V.S.A. § 1647e(a)(7).
- However, if a home state disciplines the nurse's license, the nurse's ability to
  practice under the Compact license is suspended until all encumbrances have been
  removed from the home state license. Sec. 1, 26 V.S.A. § 1647e(b).
- Compact states are required to share licensure info—including any disciplinary actions—in the Compact's Coordinated Licensure Information System. Sec. 1, 26 V.S.A. §§ 1647f, 1647c(d), 1647d(a).
- Each Compact state has one representative (the head of the state licensing board or designee) on the Compact's Interstate Commission of Nurse Licensure

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> NCLEX is the National Council Licensure Exam

- Compact Administrators, which has rulemaking authority to administer the Compact. Sec. 1, 26 V.S.A. § 1647g and 1647h.
- A state may withdraw from the Compact by repealing the enabling law, but the withdrawal does not take effect until six months after that repeal, and the state must comply with the Compact terms until that time. Sec. 1, 26 V.S.A. § 1647j(c) and (d).